





Raja Mahendra Pratap Singh State University,

Aligarh, Uttar Pradesh

Master of Arts in Political Science (Syllabus for the Session 2023-2024)

Introduction to the Course: MA Political science is a regular two year course devided into Four Semisters. Each semister has four papers every paper contains 5 units.

Division in papers & marks assigned: Each paper shall be devided into two parts:

Internalassesment (25Marks) + External Written Exam (75 Marks) Total 100 Marks.

Internal assesment (25 Marks) shall consists -(A) Mid Semister Class Test= 15 Marks

(B) Assignment/ Paper Presentation/ Book Review = 05

(C|Student's performance : (Class Room Performance, Discipline, Punctuality)= 05 Marks

External Exam (75 Marks) consists of Theoritical Question Paper. Marks division as below:

A- MCQ 2x10=20 B- Short Answer Questions: 5x5=25 C- Long Answer Questions: 3x10=30 Total: 75 Marks

Semester-wise Titles of the Papers in Masters in Faculty (Political Science)

| Year | Sem. | Course Code | Paper Title | Theory / Practical | Credits |
|------|------|-------------|---|--------------------|-------------|
| 1 | VII | RA060101T | Indian Political System | Theory | 5 |
| | | RA060102T | Comparative Politics | Theory | 5 |
| | | RA060103T | Contemporary Issues in World Politics | Theory | 5 |
| | | | Western Political Thought (Plato to Marks) | Theory | 5 |
| | | | Minor Elective (other Subject/Faculty) | Theory | 4 |
| | | | Researech Project | Project Work | |
| 1 | VIII | RA060107T | Theories of International Relations | Theory | 5 |
| | | RA060108T | State Politics in India | Theory | 5 |
| | | RA060109T | Indian Administration | Theory | 5 |
| | | RA060110T | Anciant Indian Political Thought | Theory | 5 |
| | | RA060111T | Minor Research Project | Project Work | 8 |
| | | | | Total Credits 52 | |
| 11 | IX | | Introduction & Major Approaches | Theory | 5 |
| | | | to the Study of Public Administration | | |
| | | | Foreign Policy of India | Theory | 5 |
| | | | Modern Indian Political Thought | Theory | 5 |
| | | | International Organisation | Theory | 5 |
| | | KAUGUIIGI | Minor Research Project | Project Work | - |
| 11 | Х | | International Law | Theory | 5 |
| | | RA060118T | Political Ideologies | Theory I(| ANN |
| | | | Research Methodology | Theory J | Tiree |
| | | | Local Self Government in India | Theory L | credits= 15 |
| | | RA060121T | Foreign Policy of Major Powers | Theory | |
| | | RA060122T | Human Rights | Theory | |
| | | | Contemporary Political Theory | Theory 1 | |
| | | RA060124T | Minor Research Project | Project Work | 8 |
| | | | | Total Credits 48 | |

(Dr.Raj Kamal Dixit)
Convener, Board of Studies in Political Science

Indian Political System

(RA060101T)

<u>Cousse Rationale:</u> Social and economic process that under line the functioning of the Political System in India are the focus of the paper. One need to understand that the Indian Constitution was designed to provide a framework for a modern, secular and democratic society.

Course content :-

Unit I:- Constituent Assembly: Composition and working.

Unit II:- Preamble, Fundamentals Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental

Duties.

Unit III:- Federalism and it's working with to Centre-State relations. Parliament.

Unit VI:- Union Govt.: President, Prime Minister, Cabinet.

Unit V:- Judiciary: Supreme court, Judicial Review, PIL, Judicial Activism, Lok Adalat, Constitution as

an instrument of social change: Amendment Process.

- 1. Dr. D.D. Basu: Introduction to the Constitution of India, LexisNexis, Buttenworths Wadhwa, Nagpur; 20th Edition
- 2. M.V. Pylee: Constitutional Government In India, S. Chand; N Delhi
- 3. A. G. Noorani: Constitutional Questions in India, The President, Parliament and the state, New Delhi, 2000.
- 4- Rajni Kothari: state Against Democracy: in search of Human Governance, Delhi; 1940
- 5. बी. एल. फडिया; भारतीय षासन एवं राजनीति, आगरा
- 6. Neesa Chandhoke: Beyond Secularity, the Rights of Religion Religious Minorities, Oxford University Press, H. Delhi, 1999
- 7. W. H. Morris Jones; Government and Politics in India, Delhi BI Publications, 1974
- 8. P. Brass; Politics of India since Independence Hyderabad, Orient Longman, 1990
- 9. S. Kaushik (ed.); Indian government and Politics, Delhi University, Directorate of Hindi Implementation, 1990.
- 10. J. Das Gupta: Language Conflict and National Development, Berkeley thinker. -sity of California Press, 1970.
- 11. राजनी कोठारी; भारत में राजनीति, ओरिएण्ट ब्लैकस्वान, हैदराबाद, 2010

Comparative Politics

(RA060102T)

<u>Course Rationale:</u> Present course it required in now to make students aware about no work and studies done in the field of Comparative Politics. It analyses in a comparative way, a fundamental grasp one, the various theories and expansions regarding political development in the Third World Countrie's. Main aim is to introduce student to the field of Comparative Politics.

Course Contents:-

- Unit I: Meaning, nature and importance of Comparative Politic Evolution Comparative Politics
- Unit II : Approaches to the study of comparative Politics: Political sociology, Political Economy and Structural Functionalism.
- Unit III: Political Culture and Political Socialization Political Development and Political Modernization.
- Unit IV :- Constitutionalism, Classes and Political Elites, Theories of Political Conflict.
- Unit V :- Political Parties and Pressure Groups. Social Movements: Agrarian Movement, Dalit Movement, OBC movement.

- Stephan Alfred; Arguing comparative Politics. oxford, Oxford University Press, 2001
- 2. Flair, Hand Shamin; Sociology of Dandloping Societies, London Macmillas, 1982 3-T. 6. Bottinne; Elites and socerty, Harmondsworth Penguin, 1985
- 3. G. A. Almond JS. Coleman; The Politics of the Developing Areas; Princeton H. J., Princeton University. Press, 1960
- 4. सी बी गेना; तुलनात्मक राजनीति एवं राजनीतिक संस्थाएं, विकास पब्लिशिंग हाउस, दिल्ली, 1994।
- 5. J. C. John; Comparative Politics (in Hindi). Sterling Publishers Prt. Ltd, 2008
- 6. SC. Singhal Comparative Polities, Laxmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra, 2004 (in Hindi)

Contemporary Issues in World Politics

(RA060103T)

<u>Course Rationale:</u> Social, economic, cultural and humanitarian concerns have come to the forefront relegating issues of security to the background in the most well established democracies in the Post Cold War Period. These concerns also find their advocates in the Under-developed and developing countries of the world. Aim of this paper is to analyse their impact on the world politics.

Course Contents:-

- Unit I:- World Politics Meaning, Nature and Scope. Factors leading to the end of the Cold War.
- Unit II: Contemporary Issues in Post cold-war period. Key Issues in North-South Relationship, Liberalisation, Privatisation & Globalization.
- Unit III:- Gender issues. Environmental Issues.
- Unit IV:- Human Rights, Terrorism.
- Unit V:- Democratic Expansion. COVID-19 Pandemic impact and its Impact.

- John Baylis, stove Smith and Owen Patricia (4th ed.) The Globalization World Politics: An Introduce, to International Relations, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 2014
- 2- Charles W. Kagley Jr. and Blanton Shannon I:(12th ed) world Politics, Triend and Transformation (Boston, words worth, 2009-100
- 3 Sushil Kumar Ed." New Globalism, and the State: Consideration Towards Port-Gold war International Relations, theory and the Third World, New Delhi, Research Press, 1999
- 4- Ewan Harrison: The Post cold war International system, London, Rutledge, 2006.
- 5. Chandra Bhushan: Terrorism and separation in North-East India, Kalpaz Publications N.Delhi, 2004.
- 6- Amartya Sen: Social Exclusion! Concept appli Calor, and Security, Critical Quest, N. Dolly 2000
- 7- Dr. Shrikant Pranjpe (ed): India's Internal Security: Issues and Perspectives, Kalings Publications, Delli, 2009.

Western Political Thought (Plato to Marks)

(RA060104T)

Course Rationales:

Paper of western Political thought is very important in view to make students aware about the work and studies done by the western Political thinkers.

Course contents:

Unit I:- Plato Aristotle

Unit II:- St. Thomas Aquinas, Machiavelli, John Bodin

Unit III:- Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau.

Unit IV:- Jeremy Bentham, J.S. Mill, T.H. Green.

Unit V:- Hegel, Karl Mart

- 1. Raymond G. Gettell; History of Political thought,
- 2. Sabine, A History of Political theory
- 3. E. Backer: Greek Political theory Plato and Hi predecessors ,4th Edition
- 4. J. P. Suda! A History of Political Thought, Vol I to TV
- 5. S.C. Pant: History of Western Political thought (From Plato to Present day), Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow.
- 6. Prabhu Dutt Shama: Rajnitik Vicharon ka Itihas, College Book Depot Jaipur.
- 7. पुखराज जैन ; प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचारक, आगरा।

Theories of international Relations

(RA060107T)

<u>Course Rationale: -</u> The purpose of this paper is to analyse different approaches and methods of studying International Relations. It will focus on vital components of International relations. This will enable student aware about the India's role in the World Affair. Student will also come to know about the Regional Organisations of the World.

Course Contents:-

- Unit I:- Meaning, nature and scope of International Relations. Theories of International Relations: Realism Idealism, world system theory and Marxists theory.
- Unit II:- Concept of Power: its constituents and limitations. Ideologies of Status Quo, Imperialism as Prestige.
- Unit III: Management of Power: Balance of Power, Collective Security and Cooperative Security, Changing concept of National security. Concept of NAM: Role and Relevance.
- Unit IV :- Post Cole war International relations. Uni-polarity and US hegemony. Emergence of multipolar world. India's engagement with multipolar world.
- Unit V:- India's policy-look to East. India's nuclear policy, Regional Organisations: SAARC, ASEAN, EU, OPEC, QUAD and NATO.

- 1-Andrew Heywood; Global Politics, Palgrave Macmillan, 2011
- 2-Scott Burchill; Theories of international Relations 4th(ed), London, Palgrave, 2001
- 3- Hans J. Morgenthon; Politics Among Nations, New York: Alfred Knopf, 1951-78.
- 4-U.R. Ghai: International Politics (theory and Practice), Jalandhar, New Academic Publishing Co., 1999
- 5-Prem Arora, Prakash Chandra; International Politics, Cosmos Bookhive, Pvt. Ltd..
- 6- Michael Bernett: Social Constructivism: The Globalisation of world Politics pp. 237-270.
- 7- Karen A. Mingst; Essentials of International Relations, 1999
- 8 George Sorensen, Robert H. Jackson: Introduction to International Relations: theories and Approaches, 99
- 9-Martin Griffiths, Stones & Roach and M scott Solomon; Fifty key thinkers in International Relations, 2009
- 10-. H. J. Morgenthare; Politics Among thations, New York, 1948.
- 11. J. D.B. Miller: Politics of the Third world, London, 1966.
- 12 James Myall; world Politics: Progress and it Limits, Cambridge, 2000.
- 13- Mahendra Kumar; International Politics, New Delhi
- 14 B. L. Pharia; International Relations (in Hindi), Sahitya Bhaways Publications, Agra.
- 15- Quincy wright; the study of International Relations, New York, 1955

State Politics in India

(RA060108T)

Course Objective:

This paper to very important to make the student aware of the work and studies related to Politics at the State level. Here the student will be able to analyse various dimensions and aspects of this Politics in India. Challenges in front of recent democracies in from of globalisation, Regionalism and Communalism need to be examined.

Course Contents:

Unit I :- Evolution of state Politics, Constitutional provisions of states in India. State Legislature: Legislative Assembly and Legislative Council.

Unit II :- State Government: Governor, Chief Minister, Cabinet, High Courts, District Courts, Ad hoc Courts

Unit III :- . Nature of National and Regional Political Parties, Functions of Political Parties. Coalition and merger of Political Parties

Unit IV: - - Electoral Politics and Voting Behavior, Recent Trends of Political Parties.

Unit V :- Challenges before Indian Democracy: Regionalism, communalism, Casteism, Language, Politics of Polarization.

- 1. Myron weiner; State Politics in India.
- 2. Sharma, Jain and Hema; State Politics in India (also in Hindi)
- 3. Iqbal Narain; State Politics in India
- 4. Zoya Hasan, S.N. Jha and R. Khan; The State, Political Process and Identity: Reflection on Modem India,
- 5. A P. Singh, Social Movements and Development Process in Contemporary India.
- 6. Social Movements and State Politics, IGNOU New Delhi (also in Hindi)
- 7. Prabhat Datta; Regionalization of India's Politics.
- 8. Rajni Kothari; Caste in Indian Politics, Orient Longman, Hyderabad (Reprint 2004).

Indian Administration

(RA060109T)

Course rationale:

Present course is most required in order to make the student aware about the evolution, the structure of system of administration at the Centre and Stale Lands in India. In addition, there is need to focus on the system of district Administration and a need for a decentralized system.

Course Contents:

- Unit I:- Evolution of Indian Administration, Political Executive at the Union and state level.
- Unit II:- Structure of Central Administration, Structure of State Administration
- Unit III :- Public services and their Contribution. Control over Public Expenditure
- Unit IV :- District Administration: As Collector, As Magistrate & As Development officer. Decentralised Administration: Urban & Local Self Bodies.
- Unit V:- Rural Local Self bodies: Organisation and fractions. Finances and control over Local Bodies.

- 1-A Chandra; Indian administration, London, Allen and Union, 1968
- 2-S.R. Maheshwari; Indian Administration, N. Delhi, Lorient Longman, 1998
- 3-R.B. Jain; Contemporary Issues in India, Administration, Delhi Vikas, 1976
- 4. R.K. Arora(Ed) Administrative change in India Jaipur, Alekh Publisher, 1974
- 5. C.P. Bhamari; Bureaucracy and Politics in India, Delhi, Vikas publication, 1971
- 6- S.C. Dubey (ed): Public services and social Responsibility, Shimla Institute of Advanced studies, 1979
- 7-O. P. Motiwal (ped): changing aspects of Public Administration in India, Allahabad, Chugh Publication; 1976
- 8- Dr. M.I. Khan: District Administration in India Anmol Publications, N. Delhi, 1998. India.
- 9- G. R. Reddy (ed): Pattern of Panchayati Raj in India, Madras Macmillan, 1977

Ancient Indian Political Thought

(RA060110T)

Course Rationale:

This papers is to study and analyse the different aspects of Political theory in Ancient India. The rich diversity of ancient Indian political thought, which is manifest in a number of different forms from the Buddhist and Jainism innovations, the Manusmriti and Arthashastra tradition to the Shanti Parva of the Mahabharta are to be highlighted.

Course Contents:

- Unit I:- Main features of Ancient Indian Political thought, Political Philosophy of Vedanta.
- Unit II:- Study of Jain and Buddhist Literature.
- Unit III:- Political Ideas of Manu and Shukra.
- Unit IV:- Political Ideas of Kautilya's Arthashastra, the Shantiparva, the Law Book of Manu, caste & Dharma. Elements of state: The saptanga theory and interstate relations, Mandala theory.
- Unit V:- Vedic Popular Assamblies: Sabha, Samiti, Gans and Vidatha. Republic & Tribal and Oligarchial Republics, nature of Republican Administration) and Kingship (forms and type, Divine theory, training of Prince, functions of the king, limitations on Monarch & Council of Ministers)

- 1. Arbind Sharma; Classical Hindi thought: An Introduction, oxford, 2000.
- 2- D. D. Kosambi: Culture and civilization in Ancient India, Vikas 1980
- 3-A. L. Basham: The wonder that was India, Delhi, 1982.
- 4- A.S. Altekar: State & Government in Ancient India, Motilal Banarsidas, 1966
- 5. R.C. Majumdar: History and Culture of Indian people (11 volume) kolkata, 1956.
- 6- V. P. Verma; Ancient Indian Political Thought.
- 7- V R. Mehta; Foundation of Indian political thought

Introduction & Major Approaches to the study of Public Administration (RA060112T)

Course rationale:

This paper intends to study public administration in a larger systematic million to identify key interacting factors. It comes the study of development of bureaucracy and its significant contribution to the process of development.

Course Contents:

Unit I: -

1-Administration ethos, Administrative Culture.

Unit II: -

2-Scientific approach: F.W. Taylor

3-Bureaucracy approach: Max Weber

4-Human Relation approach: Elton Mayo

Unit III: -

5-Ecological approach: Fred Riggs

6-Rational Decision making approach: Herbert Simon

7-Development administration approach

Unit IV: -

8-Role of political parties, Pressure croups and public option on the Process of policy formation.

Unit V: -

9-Crisis Management

10-Management of COVID-19 Pandemic

11-Liberalization, privatization and globalization

Recommended Readings:

1-A Awasthi and S.R. Maheshwari: Public Administration, Agra, 1996

2-C.P. Bhambri: Administration in charging society, bureaucracy and politics in India Delhi, 1971

3-Birkland, A Thomas: An introduction to the policy process London, 2001

4-S.C. Singhal: Ideas and issues in public Administration, Agra.

5-R. Thomas Dye: Understudy public policy, New Jersey, 1975

Foreign Policy of India

(RA060113T)

Course rationale:

This paper is very important to understand India's role in world affairs. Aim of the course is to make student familiar about India's engagement with the superpowers and its weight rising influence in the world. It will make student aware about new security concerns of India.

Course Contents:

- Unit I: -
 - 1- Meaning and nature of India's Foreign Policy.
 - 2- Growth; Principles and Objectives of Indian Foreign Policy.
- Unit II: -
 - 3- Internal and External Determinants of Indian Foreign Policy.
- Unit III: -
 - 4- India's Relations with Major Powers: U.S. A., Russia and China.
- Unit IV: -
 - 5- India and its Neighbors: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan, Srilanka, Afghanistan, Maldives.
 - 6- Changes in India's Foreign Policy, Emerging Trends in India's Foreign Policy.
- Unit V: -
 - 7- India and the New International Economic Order, India and QUAD
- 8- India's New Security concoms: Cross-boarder Terrorism, Internal Security, Environmental security, Globalisation of world economy, Migration and refugees, cyber security.

- 1-John Smith, Baylis, Steve and Owen Patriels (4th ed.) Globalization of world Polities: An Introduction to International Relations, oxford, Oxford University Press, 2007.
- 2-Kegley, Jr., Charles W. and Blanton, Shannon (12th ed); world Politics: Trend and Transformation, Boston, wadsworth, 2009-10.
- 3-Bugan, Barry and waever, ole; Regions and Powers: The structure of International secuente Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 2003.
- 4-Sunil Kumar (Ed.); New Globalism and the State: Consideration Towards Post-Cold War International Relations theory and the Third world, N. Delhi, Research Press, 1999.
- 5-B.L. Phasia; International Relations, Laxmi Narayan Agrawal, Agra.

Modern Indian Political Thought

(RA060114T)

Course rationale:

Purpose of this paper is to discuss systematically the Political Ideas of various political and social leaders and thinkers in Modem India. It emphasises on the distinctive contribution of modem Indian Thinkers to political theorizing and the relative autonomy of Indian Political thought.

Course Contents:

Unit I: -Overview Indian Political Thought: Genesis and Development.

Unit II: - Reformists: Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Dayanand Saraswati, Swami Vivekanand.

Unit III: - Political Ideas: Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Jawahar Lal Nehru, Mahatma Gandhi.

Unit IV: - Sarvodaya stream: MK Gandhi, J.P. Narayan & Vinoba Bhave, Indian Socialists: R.M. Lohia,

J. P. Narayan

Unit V: - Social Thought: B.R. Ambedkar, Periyar, Joyotiba Phule.

- 1-S. Ghose: Modern Indian Political thought, Delhi, Allied, 1984
- 2-A Appadosai: Documents on Political thought in Modem India, 2 voles, Bombay, Oxford University Press, 1970
- 3-K.P. Karunakaran: Modern Indian Political Tradition
- 4-H Jayaplan: Indian Political Thinkers: Modem Indian Political Thought
- 5-N. K. Bose: Studies in Gandhism, Kolkata, Mepit Pablishers, 1962
- 6-K.N. Kakanted). Dr. B.R. Ambedkar, N. Delhi, sage, 1992
- 7-Mord and R lyer: Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi, Delhi, exford University Press, 1973
- 8-V. P. Verma; Modem Indian Political Thought
- 9- D. Mackenzie; Indian Political thought.
- 10-Thomas Pantham, and Kenneth L Deutsch; Political Thought in Modern India.
- 11-M.K. Gandhi; Hind Swaraj
- 12-J. L. Nehru, Discovery of India.

International Organisation

(RA060115T)

Course rationale:

This paper studies the evolution and the development of International Organisations from its inception till present time. It is the need of time that student should know the functioning of different organisation at the International level and be able to analyse whether these institutions working according to the expectation, hope and aspirations of their architects, what are the political and security considerations. What is the role of UN from its beginning and after the end of the cold war.

Course Contents:

Unit I: -

1-Meaning Nature and Evolution of international organization.

Unit II: -

2-League of Nations: organisation and functions, Reasons for its failure.

Unit III: -

3-The United Nations: organization and function of different organs.

Unit IV: -

4-Peaceful settlement of International Disputes and Enforcement Action

5-Head of Reform în U.N. Charter

6- International: ILO, WHO, IMF, BRICS

Unit V: -

7-Human Rights: Codification and Guarantees

8- Role of UN in Post cold war Era.

- 1-Baikunth Nath Singh: International organisation Gyanands Prakashan, Dariaganj New Delhi.
- 2-Kegley, Jr. Charles W. and Blanton Shannon: world Politics: Trend and Transformation. (12th ed.) C Boston, wadswerth, 2009-10.
- 3-Bassy Buzan and Warner ole: Regions and Powers: The Structure of International security, Cambridge University press, 2003.
- 4-Kenneth waltz: Man, the state and war: A Theoretical Analysis (Columbia, Columbia University Press, 2001.

- 5-Sushil Kumar Ed: New Globalism and the Stále: Consideration towards Post-Cold War Interrelation Theory and the third world New Delhi, Research Press, 1999.
- 6- Ewan Harrison: The Post-war International System, London, Roultedge 2006
- 7-Leland N Godrich; The United Nations in the changing world.
- 8-United Nations; The Basic facts of the United nation.
- 9- UN Publications; Every ones United nations 8th ed. and 9th ed.
- 10-UN Publications; The Blue Helmet
- 11-Luard Even; The United Nations; How it works and what it woes.
- 12-David M. Malone; The UN Security Council
- 13-Peter R. Baehr; the United Nation: reality and Ideal
- 14-Jean E. Krasno; The United Nations.
- 15-Robert Gilpin; The Political Economy of Inter-national Relations, 2001
- 16-Robert Gilpin; Global Political Economy, 2011
- 17-Alison M.s. Watson; An Introduction, to international Political Economy, 2004.
- 18-N.J. Englewood clibbs (ed.); International organization: Principles and Issues, 1995
- 19-Bob Reined (ed.); Rout ledge Handbook of International Organization, 2013.
- 20-Basic Facts about the UN, UN, DPI, 2003
- 21-Robert E. Riggs and Jack & Plano; The United national international Organization and world Politics, 1988.
- 22-C. Archer, International Organisation, New York, st. Martin Press, 1975
- 23-A. L. Bennet; International organization: Principles and Issues, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. Prentice Hall, 1977
- 24 L.M. Goodrich, United Nations in a changed world, New York, Columbia University Press, 1974
- 25-S.Kumar (ed); The United Nation at so: An Indian View, Delhi, UBS PD, 1995.
- 26-Prof. S. P. M. Tripathi; International organization (in Hindi)
- 27- H.J. Morgenthau (ed.); Peace, security and United Nations, Chicago University of Chicago, 1946.
- 28.L. Oppenheim, The League Nations and its Problems, London, Longman, 1919

International Law

(RA060117T)

Course rationale:

International Law is a bunch of rules followed by the countries in their relation with oneanother. Student will study here nature, contents and different aspects of International Law pertaining to legal principles of recognition, jurisdiction, Law of sea, diplomatic Immunities and privileges, duty of obligators and Crime against Humanity. Students will be able to analyse dynamics of International systems and the relationship between nations.

Course Contents:

- Unit I: -1-Meaning, nature and scope of Internations Law Development of International law.
- Unit II: -2-Relationship between International Law and Municipal Law. Sources of International law.
- Unit III: -3-International Legal principles: Recognition and Jurisdiction of state, Law of sea, Diplomatic Immunities and Privileges.
 - 4-Asylum and extradition
- Unit IV: -5-Laws of Neutrality, Laws of Maritime warfare, Laws of Aerial warfare.
 - 6-War Crime and Genocide.
- Unit V: -7-International Court of Justice: Organization, Jurisdiction, success of the international Court.
 - 8-Crime against Humanity and Drecisions of International Law.
 - 9-Limitations and Possibilities of International law.

- 1-Malcolm N. Shah; International law, Cambridge University Press, 2005.
- 2-M.M. Rebecca Wallace; International Law, Sweet and Maxwell, 2009
- 3-Dr. S.C. Singhal, International Law, Lakshmi Harayan Agrawal (in hindi), Agra, 2006.
- 4-L. Oppenheim; International Low: A Treatise The Low Book Exchange, Itop clark, New Jersey, 2005
- 5-AD Anthony Amato; International Law: Process and Prospect, Transnational Publishers, 1995
- 6-I. Jack, Goldsmith and Eric A Posner; the Limits of International Law, Oxford University Press, New York, 2005

Political Ideologies

(RA060118T)

Course rationale:

This paper is about the role of different political ideologies and their impact in Polities on the premise that ideas exert decisive influence Each ideology is studied in its historical context and also its cause of evolution and development. It covers the dominant ideologies, which impact the movements.

Course Contents:

Unit I: - Meaning, Importance and scope of Ideologies.

Unit II: - Liberalism, Marxism

Unit III: - Feminism, Environmentalism

Unit IV: - Fascims, New Realism.

Unit V: - New Liberalism, Constructivism.

- 1-C Macridis, Roy; contemporary Political Ideologies, 1985.
- 2-Andrew Heywood; Political Ideologies.
- 3-Bhithu Parekh, Rethinking Multiculturation, Cultural Diversity and Political Theory, 2000.
- 4-O. P. Gauba; Contemporary Political Ideologies, 2018.
- 5-O.P. Gauba; Samkalin Rajuctiz Sidhanth, 2018.
- 6-M.J. Vinod, Contemporary Political theory, 2013.
- 7-Sri Prakash Mani Tripathi; Samkalin Rajurtik Chintan, 2013
- 8-Alan Finlayson; Contemporary Political Thought, 2003
- 9-James A. Gould, Vincent V. Thorsby; Contemporary. Political thought, 1969

Research Methodology

(RA060119T)

Course rationale:

This paper is very important in a view to make student aware about the work and studies related to Research Methodology. By this way we can introduce students to the area of research methodology This paper will help student to understand and analyse various aspects and dimensions of Research Methodology.

Course Contents:

Unit I: - Introduction to Political Research.

Unit II: - Major steps of Research: Research design, Hypothesis.

Unit III: - Measuring Political Phenomena. Sampling Methods.

Unit IV: - Tools of Data Collection

Unit V: - Data Processing, Analysis and Interpretation. Research Report.

- 1-Robert B Burns; Introduction to Research Methodology sage, 2000
- 2-Matt Hem and others; A short Introduction to social Research, vaster Publications, 2006
- 3-Lembury Jeff; Guide to Research, vava books, 2007
- 4-Ranjit Kumar; Research Methodology: A step by step Guide for beginners, Pearson Education, 2005
- 5-Pradeep Kumar Bose 1995; Research Methodology, ICSSR
- 6-W. J. Goode and Paul Igatt; Methods in Social Research, New York, Mcgrawhill, 1952
- 7-Shipmon, Mastin 1988; The Limitation of social Research, London Sage.
- 8-P.N. Mukharjee (eds) 2000; Methodology ICSSR. in Social Research; Dilemas and Perspectives, New Delhi, Sage.
- 9-R.K. Merton 1968; Social Theory and social Research, New Delhi, Amrind
- 10-Bajaj and Gupta 1972; Elements of Statistics, New Delhi, R. Chand and company.
- 11-Andre Beteille and Madan T.H. 1979; Encounte and Experience: Personal accounts of field work, New Delhi, Vikas
- 12-Dr. S.C. Singhal; Research Methodology in Political Science, Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra, 2015
- 13-Baronov; Concoptical Foundations of social Research Methods, Paradigm Publications, 2004
- 14-Blaxter, Loraine et al; How to Research, viva Books, 1999
- 15-A bryman; Social Research method, oxford university Press, 2001
- 16-Sarantokos; Social Research, 1993
- 17-P.Sprodley; Participant observation, 1980
- 18-J. Loffland and L.H. Loffland; Analysing social settings, 1995.

Local-self Government in India

(RA060120T)

Course rationale:

Concept of local-self government is known to Indian since ancient times. Modern form of Local Self Government was fully revived in British Period. After attainment of Independence, India decentralized democratic power down to village. How Local people handle their own issues. Here people participate in developmental work. This system has also empowered women at the Local level.

Course Contents:

Unit I: -

1-Local self-genomment: Meaning, naluse and scope, Features of Local gevernment

Unit II: -

- 2-Evolution of Local self Government in India
- 3-73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment Acts: main Features

Unit III: -

4-Rural Local self Government: Composition, Pawers and Functions

Unit IV: -

5-Urban Local self Government: Composition at Powers and Functions.

Unit V: -

- 6-Finances of Local, self Government.
- 7-Empowerment of women, women's Quota, Impact on the Panchayats.
- 8-Shortcomings of Local-self Governments.
- 9-Role of caste and Impact of Political Parties in Local Bodies election.

- 1-S. R. Maheshwari; Local Government in India, New Delhi, latest edition.
- 2-S.N. Jha and C.P. Mathur, Decentralization And Local Politics, 1995
- 3-T. H. Chaturvedi and A. Dutta (ed.) Local Government, Indian Institute of Public Administration, New Delhi
- 4-S.R. Maheshwari, Bharat me sthaniya Shasan
- 5-M. Bhattacharya; Essays in Urban government
- 6-G.R. Reddy (ed.); Pattern of Panchayati Raj in India, Madras, Macmillan, 1977
- 7-P.R. Dubhashi; Rural Administration, in India Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1972
- 8-M. Seymour and M.Simon; Effective Crisis Management: Worldwide Principles and Practice, London Cassell, 2000.

SEMESTER X

FOREIGN POLICIES OF MAJOR POWERS

(RA060121T)

<u>Course Objectives:</u> The course aims to provide a theoretical and analytical understanding of Foreign Policy. It deals with the foreign policies of the three major powers (the United States of America, the Russian Federation, and the Peoples Republic of China) The approach of these three countries toward major global issues significantly influences the international politics and therefore, this paper is quite relevant for providing a perspicacious understanding of international relations/politics.

<u>Course Outcome</u>: After completing this course the students will be able to: Develop a perspicacious understanding of making of foreign policy and factors involved in the foreign policy decision making. The course will also familiarize students with foreign policies of the three major powers of the world. It will enable the students to better understand the theories and practices of international relations.

Unit I: Understanding Foreign Policy

Meaning. Objectives and Determinants of Foreign Policy National Interest & Foreign Policy.

Analysing Foreign Policy: Decision Making Rational Bureaucratic and Individual Models

<u>Unit II: Foreign Policy of the USA-</u> Salient Features, The Process of Foreign Policy Meaning US Policy Towards West Asia, Indo-Pacific

Nuclear Proliferation, International Terrorism

Unit III: Foreign Policy of Russia-Salient Features Process of Foreign Policy Making in Russia

Russia's Policy towards USA, Europe & China

Unit IV: Foreign Policy of China-Main Features, Process of Foreign Policy Making in China

China's Policy towards USA, South East Asia & South Asia

Suggested Readings:

- 1 Joshua S. Goldstein, international Relations (Chapter, Foreign Policy) Pearson Delhi.
- 2 Steve Smith, Amelia Hadfield Tim Dunne (eds). Foreign Policy Theonies, Actors Cases, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 3. Charles A Lerche and Edward A. Said Concepts of International Policy (Chapter 1)
- 4. Roy C Macridis ed. Foreign Policy in World Politics (Chapter 1)
- 5.George Midelk Forengn Policy Analysis

SEMESTER X

Human Rights

(RA060122T)

<u>Course Objectives:</u> The course aims to provide the understanding of the conceptual foundation and evolution of the concept Human Rights and Duties. It also aims to study the basic concepts like liberty, equality and justice and their relationship with Human Rights.

Course Outcome:

After completing this course the students will be able to develop basic understanding of the concept of human rights and its evolution. It will also make them understand the relationship between rights and duties and the nuances of the western and nonwestern traditions of human rights. The course will also help them in qualifying NET JRF in Human Rights

UNIT I: UNDERSTANDING THE CONCEPT OF RIGHTS AND DUTIES Meaning. Nature and Significance of the Concept of Human Rights: Classification of Human Rights, Evolution of the Concept of Rights-From Magna Carta to the International Bill of Rights

UNIT II- The Concept of Duties: Classification of Duties, Relationship between Rights and Duties: Duties in the Afro-Asian and Latin American Traditions

UNIT III: BASIC CONCEPTS- Liberty: Meaning and Dimensions of Liberty, Rights, Liberty and Duties Equality: Perspectives on Equality. Relationship between Equality and Liberty, Justice: Meaning and Dimensions. Justice as a Pre-requisite for Rights

UNIT IV: NON-WESTERN PERSPECTIVES OF HUMAN RIGHTS- Cultural Relativism and Human Rights: Universalism versus Relativism debate, Non-Western Perspectives: Hindu-Buddhist Traditions, Chinese and African Perspectives of Human Rights

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Buergenthal Thomas, International Human Rights in Nutshelled. West Publishing Co. 1995
- 2. Cranston Maurice. What are Haman Rights? (London, 1973)
- 3. Davidson, Scott, Human Rights (Buckingham. 1993)
- 4 Donnelly, Jack. The Concept of Human Rights (London, 1955) Universal Human Rights in Theory and Practice 3 ed. 2003
- 5. Lawson, Edward. Encyclopaedia of Human Rights (Washington, 1996)
- 6. Mall. Tahir (ed). Human Rights in Islamic Law (New Delhi, 1993)
- 7. Mayer, AE. Il and Human Rights Tradition and Politics (Boulder, 1995)

SEMESTER X

CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL THEORY

(RA060123T)

<u>Course Objectives:</u> The course familiarizes students with the basic normative concepts, which lie at the centre stage of current debates in political theory. Most of the political theorizing in contemporary times takes place around differing conceptualizations of social justice and democracy. The debate is unending as to what just distribution of power and resources in society is or. which model of democracy is more consistent with the principles of representation, participation and inclusion. The course not only advances and enhances the in-depth understanding of political theory, but also equips the students to take up the competitive exams likes, the NET JRF and the Civil Services

Course Outcomes:

This Paper aims at equipping the students with debates in contemporary political theory. The students will be able to analyses the intricacies in theory building and correlating with current issues in politics. The students will be acquainted with newer conceptions of justice and democracy. They will have enhanced and deeper understanding to critically analyses practical aspect of politics.

<u>UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION</u> - Nature and Scope of Contemporary Political Theory, Resurgence of Political Theory since 1970. Themes and Debates in Contemporary Political Theory

UNIT-II: POSTMODERN APPROACHES

Jean Francois Lyotard, Jacques Derrida, Michael Focault

UNIT-III: NEO-CONCEPTIONS OF JUSTICE

Liberal Perspective-Rawls' Theory of Justice: Social Contract Argument., Moral Justification of Redistribution, Critique, Libertarian Perspective-Nozick's Theory of Justice: Principles of Entitlement, Self-ownership" thesis. Justification Of laissez Faire State, Critique Communitarian Perspective Walzer's theory of Justice: Defence of Pluralism. Theory of Goods: Dominance and Monopoly, Complex Equality: Critique

UNIT-IV: DEMOCRATIC THEORY

Deliberative democracy-Habermasian Model: Communicative Action, Instrumental Rationality. Democratic Deliberation and Consensus, Structures of Democratic Deliberation Agonistic Democracy Connolly's Model: Irreconcilability of Conflict & Consociational Model-Lijphart's Model: Characteristics, Components & its Relative Effectiveness

Basic Readings:

- 1. Colin Farrelly, (ed) Contemporary Political Theory, Sage, 2004
- 2. Alan Finlayson (ed) Contemporary Political Thought, Edinburgh, 2003
- 3. Will Kymlicka Contemporary Political Philosophy, Oxford, 2002
- 4. John Rawls Justice as Farness A Restatement, Harvard, 2001
- 5. Robert Nozick Anarchy, State and Utopia, Blackwell. 1974
- 6. Michael Walzer, Spheres of Justice A Defense of Pluralism and Equality Basic Books 1983
- 7. Jurgen Habermas Moral Consciousness and Communicative Action Cambridge-MIT, 1990
- 8. Arend Lap hart, Thinking About Democracy. Power shining and majorly rule in theory and practice, Routledge 2008

Further Suggested

1. J.S. Dryzek, Honig and Phillips, the Oxford Handbook of Political Theory, Oxford 2006